## Simple Thread Example in Delphi

```
type
 TMyThread = class(TThread)
 private
   FActive: Bool;
   FSomeList: TStringList;
   procedure SYNC_Something;
   procedure SYNC_Started;
   procedure SYNC_Stopped;
   procedure SetActive(const Value: Bool);
 protected
   procedure Execute; override;
 public
   constructor Create;
   destructor Destroy; override;
   property Active: Bool read FActive write SetActive;
implementation
constructor TMyThread.Create;
begin
 inherited Create(True); //You practically always need to pass 'True' because 'False' is just meaningless...
 FSomeList:= TStringList.Create;
 Resume; //Now that everything is created, we officially start the thread.
destructor TMyThread.Destroy;
begin
 FActive:= False; //Make sure our process is stopped...
 WaitFor; //Wait for the process to stop before we continue freeing things...
 inherited;
end;
procedure TMyThread.SetActive(const Value: Bool);
 //Not necessary to be a procedure setter, but you might want to do some preparation at this point...
 FActive:= Value;
procedure TMyThread.Execute;
var
 X: Integer;
 //Everything done inside here, and any procedures called from inside here, are done from within this thread...
 while not Terminated do begin //Keep looping at all times until thread is terminated...
   if FActive then begin //Should this thread be doing something?
     Synchronize(SYNC_Started);
     //START threaded code
     FSomeList.Clear;
     for X := 1 to 1000 do begin
       FSomeList.Append('Some Random Text');
       Synchronize(SYNC_Something);
      end;
      //END threaded code
     Synchronize(SYNC_Stopped);
    end else begin
     Sleep(1); //This keeps the thread from going crazy and maxing the processor...
 end;
end;
procedure TMyThread.SYNC_Something;
```

```
begin

//Now we can do something which accesses the outside of the thread

//This would presumably trigger an event notifying the main thread that something has been done or needs to be done end;

procedure TMyThread.SYNC_Started;
begin

//Now we can do something which accesses the outside of the thread

//This would presumably trigger an event notifying the main thread that this thread has begun its work end;

procedure TMyThread.SYNC_Stopped;
begin

//Now we can do something which accesses the outside of the thread

//This would presumably trigger an event notifying the main thread that this thread has finished its work end;
```

## Following is the example of running thread:

```
procedure TMainForm.ButtonlClick(Sender: TObject);
begin
  TMyThread.Create(false);
end;
```